

LONDON'S SALVATION ARMY.

COMING ACROSS THE ATLANTIC TO LABOR IN NEW YORK.

**The Singular Out-Door Religious Work that
was Begun by an English Preacher Among
People who Don't Attend the Churches.**
Seven women and one man stood in a cir-

gle among the throng of emigrants in Castle Garden yesterday afternoon, singing the words of a time-worn hymn to the air " Way Down upon the Swanee River." All were dressed in plainly cut suits of dark blue, trimmed with yellow braid. The women wore black Derby hats and the men a cap, and around the crown of each was a broad red silk band, with the

words "The Salvation Army" in gold letters upon it. One of the women carried a flag of red and blue with a bright yellow sun in the centre, and the words "The Salvation Army" around the device. They had just landed from the steamer *Australla*, from London, when they began the singing, which was continued through several hymns. The man, whose name is George Raitton, and who is about 32 years

In 1865 the Rev. William Banth, a Methodist Episcopal clergyman of England, being impressed by the great numbers of people in London who never attend church, organized a system of outdoor meetings. As he and the co-laborers whom he gathered about him disliked the stereotyped terms applied to similar min-

Ministry workers, they adopted the title: "The Salvation Army." According to a little circular printed in 1901, the pair, who were both converts to Christianity, had been "inspired by the pictures and results of the army's work, it now numbers 122 corps, directed by 195 officers. Meetings are held every week in 188 theatres, dance halls, warehouses, &c. In London, and the aggregate number of these meetings annually is 45,000. It is estimated that 50,000 persons attend these meetings each week, and 74,000 the Sunday night services, while the weekly attend-

2,000,000. Last year £16,500 were raised by voluntary contributions to carry on the work. The army and its work are said to be endorsed by the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Earl of Shaftesbury, 23 Mayors, 17 Chiefs of Police, 129 clergy, and many others. The title of Bailiff is Commissioner, and of the seven who accompany him only one is a Captain, and he is the only one who is not a plain looking, and about 30 years old. They were just by a former workman, now a

Philadelphia. Their intention is to begin work in this city at once.

FRANCE'S EDUCATION BILL.

Trouble Growing out of the Rejection by the Senate of the Anti-Jesuit Clause.

PARIS, March 10.—The rejection by the Senate of Article 7 (the anti-Jesuit clause) of

Jules Ferry's Education bill by so large a majority (nineteen) has astonished every one. An analysis of the vote shows that twenty-nine members of the Left Centre and Left voted with the majority, and that seven others abstained from voting. The defection of the Left Centre is probably due to the influence of M. Dufaure's speech, in which he announced that he and his

mise proposed by the Government. The Radical Republicans feel violently stung by the rejection of the article, and vehemently demand the enforcement of existing laws against the Jesuits, which have long been a dead letter on the statute books.

The *Republique Française*, M. Gambetta's organ, declares that yesterday's vote has brought about a renewal of the intense struggle between the Senate and the Chamber of Deputies, which must be stepped in the only way in which it is

The *Journal des Débats* deprecates any coalition between the Senate and the Ministry, and recommends the Cabinet to seek some form of compromise whereby the substance of what

The Radical press demand the application of the existing laws to religious orders. The journals of the Right regard the vote as a victory of Liberal over Jacobin policy.

Le Kugel says that a Ministry weak enough to give way to the Jesuits must step aside for a stronger hand at the helm of State. *L'Eclair* is of the same opinion. The result is due to the intrigues of the Jesuits and the incapacity of the Government.

Right, a plan by which he hopes at some future date to become President of the republic. *La Justice* says that to a vote such as that of the Senate on this occasion there can be but one result. It supplies this by publishing a list of the various laws against the Jesuits. *Le Mot d'Ordre* gives the cabinet of M. de Freycinet a dozen barrels full of its compromising auxiliary, Jules Ferry.

At a meeting of the Bureau of the various groups of the Left, in the Chamber of Deputies,

to-day, it was resolved that nothing less than the passing of Article 7 in its entirety could be accepted by the Left, and that an interpellation be addressed to the Government in the Chamber.

IRISH RELIEF FUND,

**Munificent Contributions Flowing in to the
Mansion House Committee.**

DUBLIN, March 10.—The Mansion House Relief Committee says that munificent contributions continue to pour in. Over \$25,000 were received yesterday from Australia, and over \$2,500 from other sources. Had it not been for the Australian contributions the operations of the committee would have long since ceased.

A letter has been received from Dr. George

To cooperate with the *Herald* Committee will be equally a pleasure and a duty. But large as is the sum subscribed by the various funds, there is too much reason to fear

of the case. There is, therefore, all the more need for rapid economy and efficient administration. The committee is especially fearful of the dangers of administering funds to the same kind of organizations as the present ones. No matter what prevention may be taken, such a system cannot but result in certain amount of inequality of distribution of waste, and possibly of more serious consequences. The committee therefore recommends that, in order to cooperate with the *Revol. Committee* and other organizations in order to reduce the waste, the value added to the national fund, the committee has not to attempt to fear the *Revol. Committee* but to have a strong and effective organization to have control of the fund of the *Revol. Committee*.

One hundred and four grants were made yesterday. This is the largest number that have been made in one day. The subscriptions now reach the sum of \$1,209,000, of which \$54,000 is in hand.

THENTON, March 10.—The New Jersey Senate, in executive session today, resolved to request Gov. McMillan to reconsider the nomination of Joel Parker for a Supreme Court judge. In the House, the bill exempting harness racing from the tax on the sale of speed of horses, introduced by an agriculturalist, was passed. Adam Horner was elected Police Justice for Newark, and A. W. Smith for Jersey City.

In the Senate, a bill to amend the constitution so as to have only two sessions of the Legislature, was rejected but also passed.

In the House failed to abolish the office of Director of Agriculture.

repealed by the Governor on Constitutional grounds, was passed over the veto.

The Signal Office Prediction.

For the Middle Atlantic States, cloudy and threatening weather, with rain or snow, northeast or southeast winds, higher temperature, with falling barometer.

THIS MORNING'S LATEST NEWS,

The All-Republican Manifesto was signed in Saratov on Friday by its authors: Janibek, from the West, Mr. Givens, who was recently assassinated by Newsgale on the steps of the House of Commons, will be released as soon as Parliament has been dissolved.

The strike among the hewers of lead in Lannenburg will no doubt soon be substantially discontinued. It is probable that the employees at all the factories, with the exception possibly of Ballin's, will return to work this week.

Yesterday being the anniversary of the death of Dis-

Cardinal Höffner was the recipient of many flowers and congratulatory telegrams on the thirtieth anniversary of his consecration to the hierarchy. The day was also the Cardinal's seventieth birthday. He is enjoying unusually good health.

Hail, Rome, of course, and Tar has literally splashed his hat, announcing that the Pope is

Fike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.